

ECONOSCITECH INTEGRATION

ISSUE
6

INTERNATIONAL SCIENTIFIC
ELECTRONIC JOURNAL



**TASHKENT STATE
UNIVERSITY OF ECONOMICS**



**American University
of Technology**

Powered by Arizona State University®

ISSN: 3060-5075



**Acceptance of articles
PUBLISHED MONTHLY**



**ARTICLE CONTRIBUTORS
PROFESSORS, SCHOLARS,
SPECIALISTS, AND RESEARCHERS**



Google
Scholar

**Academic
Resource
Index**
ResearchBib

BASE

OpenAIRE

doi
Digital
Object
Identifier

OPEN ACCESS

CONTACT:



+998 94 3540880



<https://econoscitech-integration-journal.uz>



2026

**EDITOR-IN-CHIEF:**

Zufarova Nozima Gulamiddinovna
DSc., Dean of Tourism Faculty, TSUE

DEPUTY EDITOR-IN-CHIEF:

Makhmudov Nosir Makhmudovich
DSc., Prof., Academician

DEPUTY EDITOR-IN-CHIEF:

Suyunov Dilmurod Xolmurodovich
Doctor of Economics (DSc), Professor,

DEPUTY EDITOR-IN-CHIEF:

Allayarov Shamsiddin Amanullayevich
doctor of economics (DSc), professor

RESPONSIBLE SECRETARY:

Otaboyev Axmed Maxsudbek o'g'li
TSUE independent researcher

THE SCIENTIFIC-POPULAR
ELECTRONIC JOURNAL
"ECONOSCITECH-INTEGRATION"
HAS BEEN REGISTERED UNDER
THE NUMBER C-5669651 BY THE
AGENCY FOR INFORMATION AND
MASS COMMUNICATIONS (AOKA)
OF THE REPUBLIC OF UZBEKISTAN,
EFFECTIVE FROM OCTOBER 9, 2024.

In accordance with Resolution No. 384/6 dated April 10, 2026, issued by the Presidium of the Supreme Attestation Commission under the Ministry of Higher Education, Science and Innovation of the Republic of Uzbekistan, this journal is included in the list of recommended international scientific publications for publishing the primary research findings of doctoral dissertations in the field of Economic Sciences.

Partners: Tashkent State University of Economics / American University of Technology in Tashkent (AUT)

Electronic publication, Issue 6. 374 pages.
Approved for publication on Iyun, 2026.

Editorial Board Members:

Sharipov Kongratbay Avezimbetovich,
Doctor of Technical Sciences (DSc), Professor



Teshabayev To'liqin Zakirovich,
Doctor of Economic Sciences (DSc), Professor



Said Irandoust,
Doctor of Chemical Engineering Sciences,
Professor



Abdurakhmanova Gulnora Kalandarovna,
Doctor of Economic Sciences (DSc), Professor



Khudoykulov Sadirdin Karimovich,
Doctor of Economics, (DSc), Professor



Tokunaga Masahiro,
professor, PhD of Economics of the Faculty of
Business and Commerce



Debasis Das,
professor Department of Computer Science



Nitin Goje,
professor and Program Lead - Computer Science



Nargizakhon Shamshieva
Doctor of Economic Sciences, Professor



Rakhmonov Norim Razzakovich,
Doctor of Economic Sciences (DSc), Professor

Bayxonov Bahodirjon Tursunbayevich
Doctor of Science (DSc), Professor



Shomurodov Ravshan Tursunkulovich,
PhD, Associate Professor



Boymuratov Abduraxmat Djumayevich
Doctor of Philosophy (PhD) in Economics



Sharopova Nafosat Radjabovna
DSc, Associate Professor



Sultanova Kamila Mukhtorali Kizi
Master of Science

CONTENTS

MECHANISMS FOR IMPLEMENTING TECHNOLOGICAL AND DIGITAL INNOVATIONS.....	10
Shakirxodjayeva Zuxra Rustamxanovna	
DEVELOPMENT OF ORGANIZATIONAL AND ECONOMIC MECHANISMS FOR IMPROVING INVESTMENT PROCESSES IN THE CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRY	16
Aliyeva Zilola Mamatvalyevna	
CURRENT STATE AND STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS OF THE DEVELOPMENT OF SERVICE SECTORS IN TASHKENT CITY.....	23
Abdikayumov Bekzod Turdiniyozovich	
GREEN BONDS VS. SUSTAINABILITY LINKED LOANS: WHICH WORKS FOR INDUSTRIAL DECARBONISATION?	29
Ataxanov Umidbek Olimovich	
ИНТЕГРИРОВАННАЯ МОДЕЛЬ УПРАВЛЕНИЯ ЭКОНОМИЧЕСКОЙ БЕЗОПАСНОСТЬЮ БАНКА	34
Маликова Дилрабо Муминовна	
ECONOMETRIC MODELLING OF FAMILY ENTREPRENEURSHIP DEVELOPMENT IN THE TOURISM SECTOR: EVIDENCE FROM UZBEKISTAN	42
Pardayeva Ozoda Mamayunusovna	
AN INTEGRAL INDEX METHODOLOGY FOR ASSESSING THE INVESTMENT POTENTIAL OF AGRICULTURAL ENTERPRISES	49
Sayyora Bakhtiyorovna Nazirova	
ГОСУДАРСТВЕННЫЕ, ПУБЛИЧНЫЕ И ОБЩЕСТВЕННЫЕ ФИНАНСЫ В УСЛОВИЯХ ЦИФРОВОЙ ТРАНСФОРМАЦИИ: ТЕРМИНОЛОГИЧЕСКИЕ ГРАНИЦЫ И ИНСТИТУЦИОНАЛЬНАЯ ЭВОЛЮЦИЯ.....	53
Срожиддинова Зарина Хайриддиновна	
BLOCKCHAIN-BASED FINANCIAL TRANSACTION MONITORING SYSTEM (SMART CONTRACTS, DECENTRALIZED DATABASE, AND AUDIT TRAILS)	58
Olimova Mukhlisa Vohidjon qizi	
FAMILY ENTREPRENEURSHIP AS A DRIVER OF EMPLOYMENT IN THE TOURISM SECTOR: REGIONAL DISPARITIES AND INSTITUTIONAL MECHANISMS IN UZBEKISTAN.....	65
Pardayeva Ozoda Mamayunusovna	
ANALYSIS OF THE MAIN STATISTICAL INDICATORS OF LABOR RESOURCE UTILIZATION IN SURXONDARYO REGION	72
Haydarova Dinora Atamurot qizi	
ASSESSING THE ROLE OF SPECIAL ECONOMIC ZONES IN REGIONAL ECONOMIC GROWTH ACROSS THE REGIONS OF UZBEKISTAN USING INTENSITY COEFFICIENTS AND CLUSTER ANALYSIS.....	77
Anvarkhonov Abdulatifkhon Jamshidkhon ugli	
TECHNICAL, ECONOMIC, AND ENVIRONMENTAL EFFICIENCY OF IMPLEMENTING AGRIVOLTAIC SYSTEMS IN UZBEKISTAN	85
Jabborov Shaymurod Akram o'g'li	
Botirov Bozorbek Musurmon o'g'li	
Atoyeva Mohinur Amrilloevna	
Avazov Jonibek Azizbek o'g'li	
МОДЕЛИРОВАНИЕ ВЛИЯНИЯ ЧЕЛОВЕЧЕСКОГО КАПИТАЛА НА ТРАЕКТОРИЮ ЭКОНОМИЧЕСКОГО РОСТА.....	91
Хазраткулова Лола Нармуминовна	
FINANCING GREEN PROJECTS IN THE REPUBLIC OF UZBEKISTAN: STATUS, CHALLENGES AND PROSPECTS	97
Qorriyeva Shahnoza Safarbayevna	

FORMULA-BASED DISTRIBUTION OF INTERGOVERNMENTAL TRANSFERS TO LOCAL BUDGETS IN UZBEKISTAN: A COMPARATIVE SIMULATION ANALYSIS BASED ON 2026 FORECAST INDICATORS.....	103
Umidjon Pardaev Sarvar Maxmudov	
GOVERNMENT FUNDING AND THE DEVELOPMENT OF INNOVATIVE ACTIVITIES: FINANCIAL PROMOTION MECHANISMS.....	115
Bahriddinov Nodirbek Zamirdinovich	
FORECASTING EXPORT AND IMPORT INDICATORS OF BUKHARA REGION	122
Ergashev Mirjon Yorqin o'g'li	
A CUSTOMER-ORIENTED INTEGRATIVE METHODOLOGICAL MODEL FOR IMPROVING THE EFFICIENCY OF TOURIST SERVICES IN THE TOURISM AND HOSPITALITY INDUSTRY	130
Bakayev Ziyovuddinkhan Toshbolta ogli	
A PESTLI ANALYSIS OF THE EFFICIENCY OF THE HOUSING STOCK MANAGEMENT SYSTEM	139
Mamanazarov Oybek Shomurodovich	
ANALYSIS OF THE DEVELOPMENT STATUS AND EXPORT ACTIVITIES OF SMALL BUSINESS AND PRIVATE ENTREPRENEURSHIP IN UZBEKISTAN	146
Khikmatullayeva Nargiza Jamoliddin kizi	
CHANGE MANAGEMENT DURING QUALITY ASSURANCE REFORM IN HIGHER EDUCATION INSTITUTIONS	154
Urinov Bobur Nasilloevich	
СТРАТЕГИИ УСТОЙЧИВОГО РАЗВИТИЯ ПАЛОМНИЧЕСКОГО ТУРИЗМА В УЗБЕКИСТАНЕ	162
Каримова Дилафруз Садриддин кизи	
E-COMMERCE AS A DIGITAL FORM OF ENTREPRENEURSHIP IN INCREASING HOUSEHOLD INCOMES	167
Eshbayeva Shahnoza Fakhriddinovna	
ADVANTAGES OF IMPLEMENTING AN OCCUPATIONAL AND SKILLS MAPPING SYSTEM IN UZBEKISTAN'S LABOUR MARKET	172
S.B.Goyipnazarov S.M.Kurbanbaeva	
ASSESSMENT OF THE EFFICIENCY OF FIXED ASSETS UTILIZATION IN RAILWAY ENTERPRISES: EVIDENCE FROM UZBEKISTAN.....	178
Turdiyeva Irodaxon Ismoil qizi	
SCIENTIFIC AND METHODOLOGICAL APPROACHES TO ASSESSING RESOURCE USE IN THE CONTEXT OF A GREEN ECONOMY.....	183
Karimov Islombek Bekpolat o'g'li	
THE IMPACT OF ECOTOURISM ON REGIONAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT	
Samiev Siroj Saitovich Ochilova Guli Rashid kizi	
THE IMPACT OF RISK ALLOCATION ON INVESTMENT EFFICIENCY IN PUBLIC- PRIVATE PARTNERSHIP (PPP) PROJECTS	197
Khaydarova Charos Nizomiddinovna	
PROSPECTS FOR CHANGING THE VOLUME OF GRAPE CULTIVATION DUE TO THE USE OF INNOVATIVE TECHNOLOGIES IN THE VITICULTURE COMPLEX.....	202
Boltaev Nazarbek Narzullaevich	
ЦИФРОВЫЕ МЕХАНИЗМЫ ОБОСНОВАНИЯ НАЧАЛЬНОЙ ЦЕНЫ В ГОСУДАРСТВЕННЫХ ЗАКУПКАХ: ПРОЗРАЧНОСТЬ, КОНКУРЕНЦИЯ И РАЦИОНАЛЬНОЕ ИСПОЛЬЗОВАНИЕ СРЕДСТВ.....	209
Тўхтасинов Бобомурод Исақжон ўғли	
ENHANCING FOREIGN DIRECT INVESTMENT INFLOWS IN THE POST-CRISIS ERA:	

AN ECONOMETRIC ANALYSIS OF UZBEKISTAN	215
Foziljon Rustamov Xazratkulovich	
CURRENT STATE AND DEVELOPMENT TRENDS OF THE TEXTILE INDUSTRY	219
Musayeva Shoira Azimovna	
THE PECULIARITIES OF USING FOREIGN EXPERIENCE IN IMPROVING THE EFFICIENCY OF TOURIST AND RECREATIONAL AREAS	225
Makhliyo Umarova	
CHALLENGES OF ATTRACTING INVESTMENTS IN HUMAN CAPITAL AND STRATEGIES FOR THEIR RESOLUTION	231
Aloviddin Zayniddinov Zayniddin ugli	
ANALYSIS OF THE EXPERIENCE OF SUCCESSFUL AGROTOURISM DESTINATIONS IN DIFFERENT COUNTRIES: RECOMMENDATIONS FOR UZBEKISTAN	237
Aktamov Olimjon Abdugani o'g'li	
ASSESSING THE EFFICIENCY OF STRATEGIC MANAGEMENT OF EDUCATIONAL SERVICES EXPORT AT THE REGIONAL LEVEL	247
Alimova Shamsiya Abidovna	
ECONOMIC ESSENCE OF THE EXPORT POTENTIAL OF BUSINESS ENTITIES AND CLASSIFICATION OF THE FACTORS SHAPING IT: THE CASE OF BUKHARA REGION	254
Djurayeva Munira Sadillovna	
THE ROLE OF INDUSTRIAL ENTERPRISES IN THE ECONOMY OF BUKHARA REGION AND THEIR DEVELOPMENT TRENDS: AN ANALYSIS OF STRUCTURAL CHANGES AND REGIONAL CONCENTRATION	261
Azizjon Anvarovich Kadirov	
Nigina Djurayevna Yusupova	
IMPROVING THE ECONOMIC MECHANISMS FOR THE DEVELOPMENT OF BORDER TRANSPORT SYSTEMS	268
Ikromov Elyor Ibodulloevich	
ПУТИ ИНТЕГРАЦИИ НАЦИОНАЛЬНЫХ И МЕЖДУНАРОДНЫХ СТАНДАРТОВ АУДИТОРСКОЙ ДЕЯТЕЛЬНОСТИ В УЗБЕКИСТАНЕ	273
Бобонарова Камола	
GREEN BONDS AND SOVEREIGN DEBT INSTRUMENTS FOR INFRASTRUCTURE ASSET RENEWAL: AN ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL MECHANISMS	278
Suleimanov Farrukh	
ENHANCING THE COMPETITIVENESS OF HIGHER EDUCATION INSTITUTIONS: A COMPARATIVE ANALYSIS OF INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL EXPERIENCES	286
Qudratova Gulzoda Mahmudovna	
THE ROLE AND SIGNIFICANCE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION SERVICES IN THE DIGITAL ECONOMY	291
Munisa Abdurakhmonova	
ECONOMETRIC MODELING OF REGIONAL ECONOMIC GROWTH BASED ON THE COBBDOUGLAS PRODUCTION FUNCTION: A CASE STUDY OF SURXONDARYA REGION	296
Turaev Bakhtiyor Ergashevich	
GENERAL APPROACHES TO COST REDUCTION IN THE TEXTILE INDUSTRY	302
Kamola Saidova	
СОВРЕМЕННОЕ СОСТОЯНИЕ ПЛАНИРОВАНИЯ И ОРГАНИЗАЦИИ ВНУТРЕННЕГО АУДИТА В БЮДЖЕТНЫХ ОРГАНИЗАЦИЯХ	307
Саитмуратов Саитмурат Машарип угли	
A CONCEPTUAL MODEL OF THE IMPACT OF INTERMEDIATION SERVICES ON BANK PERFORMANCE AND ITS STATISTICAL RESEARCH METHODOLOGY	314
Miraxmedov Jasur Isroilovich	
EMPLOYER BRANDING IN UZBEKISTAN: HOW TO BECOME AN EMPLOYER OF CHOICE FOR TALENT	320
Doniyorova Fotimabonu Alisher qizi	

FORMING THE COMMUNICATIVE CULTURE OF MANAGING PERSONNEL AND STUDENTS BASED ON A COMPETENCY-BASED APPROACH.....	325
Temirova Shakhlo Rakhmonovna	
MODERN APPROACHES TO FORMING A COMMUNICATIVE CULTURE OF STUDENTS OF HIGHER EDUCATION INSTITUTIONS.....	331
Temirova Shakhlo Rakhmonovna	
IMPROVEMENT OF THE SYSTEM OF ACCOUNTING AND ANALYSIS OF MATERIAL COSTS IN OIL AND GAS INDUSTRY ENTITIES BASED ON MODERN MANAGEMENT REQUIREMENTS.....	336
Sa'dullayeva Sayyora Nasillo qizi	
ORGANIZATIONAL AND ECONOMIC APPROACHES AND BARRIERS TO THE INNOVATIVE DEVELOPMENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF UZBEKISTAN	341
Samieva Gulnoza Tokhirovna	
THE IMPACT OF EFFECTIVE UTILIZATION OF LABOR POTENTIAL ON THE SUSTAINABLE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT OF A REGION (A case study of the Khorezm region).....	348
Kutlimuratov Mansurbek Sattarovich	
CHARACTERISTICS OF CLUSTERING TEXTILE ENTERPRISES.....	354
Asadbek Eshniyozov	
THE ROLE OF EDUCATION AND CAPACITYBUILDING IN DEVELOPING THE ISLAMIC FINANCE INDUSTRY: A THEORETICAL AND COMPARATIVE ANALYSIS	358
Abdullaev Azamat Akbar o'g'li	
THE ROLE OF 5G TECHNOLOGIES IN IMPROVING THE ECONOMIC PERFORMANCE OF TELECOMMUNICATION ENTERPRISES	366
Saidqosimova Umida Ibragimovna	
DIGITAL PLATFORMS AND THE EFFICIENCY OF INCLUSIVE EDUCATION: EVIDENCE FROM UZBEKISTAN	371
Kholmonov Shodiyor Karshiboyevich	
MAIN DIRECTIONS FOR THE DEVELOPMENT OF INTEREST RATE RISK MANAGEMENT PRACTICES IN COMMERCIAL BANKS OF UZBEKISTAN.....	377
Seitnazarov Daniyar Bakhadyrovich	
METHODOLOGY AND WAYS OF EFFECTIVE MANAGEMENT OF SMALL INDUSTRIAL ZONES.....	385
Shodmonkulov Kamoliddin Murodillayevich	
MAIN DIRECTIONS AND PROSPECTS FOR THE EFFECTIVE MANAGEMENT OF INVESTMENTS IN THE CONTEXT OF TRANSFORMATION	391
To'rayev Jasurali To'rayevich	
IMPROVING THE EFFECTIVE MANAGEMENT OF THE DEVELOPMENT OF SMALL INDUSTRIAL ZONES.....	395
Shodmonkulov Kamoliddin Murodillayevich	
ПОВЫШЕНИЕ ИНВЕСТИЦИОННОЙ АКТИВНОСТИ РЕГИОНОВ КАК ФАКТОР ОБЕСПЕЧЕНИЯ УСТОЙЧИВОГО ЭКОНОМИЧЕСКОГО РОСТА.....	399
Бутаева Сабина Холиёровна	
THE ROLE OF DIGITAL MARKETING STRATEGIES IN INCREASING THE BRAND CAPITAL OF TOURISM ENTERPRISES	404
Zufarov Akmal Gulamiddinovich	
ANALYSIS OF THE CURRENT STATE OF INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECT FINANCING UNDER PUBLIC-PRIVATE PARTNERSHIPS (PPP)	416
Shodiev Akmal O'ktamjon ugli	
IMPROVING THE MANAGEMENT OF THE INVESTMENT ENVIRONMENT	422
To'rayev Jasurali To'rayevich	
BLOCKCHAIN AND IOT FOR DIGITAL TRACKING OF FOOD EXPORTIMPORT FLOWS.....	426
Nazarova Ra'no Rustamovna	
Najmiddinov Yakhyo Fazliddin ugli	

THE PAYBACK PERIOD METHOD IN PERSONAL FINANCE: APPLICATIONS AND IMPLICATIONS FOR FINANCIAL DECISION-MAKING	438
Akhunova Elena Anvarovna	
DEVELOPMENT OF AN ADAPTIVE FIBONACCI STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS MODEL FOR GOLD TRADING: EVIDENCE FROM THE XAU/USD MARKET	447
Tukmirzaev Kamol Mumin ugli	
DEVELOPING MARKETING MANAGEMENT IN RETAIL TRADE THROUGH A BRAND MANAGEMENT SYSTEM: DIRECTIONS AND STRATEGIC PRIORITIES.....	455
Shohboz Ro'zimatov Hamdambek o'g'li	
MODERN APPROACHES TO FORMING A COMMUNICATIVE CULTURE OF STUDENTS OF HIGHER EDUCATION INSTITUTIONS	461
Temirova Shakhlo Rakhmonovna	
FORMING THE COMMUNICATIVE CULTURE OF MANAGING PERSONNEL AND STUDENTS ON THE BASIS OF A COMPETENCY-BASED APPROACH.....	466
Temirova Shakhlo Rakhmonovna	
ЭВОЛЮЦИЯ НАУЧНЫХ ВЗГЛЯДОВ НА РОЛЬ СФЕРЫ УСЛУГ В ЭКОНОМИКЕ.....	472
Усманов Фарзод Шохрухович	
STRATEGIC INSIGHTS FOR UZBEKISTAN'S RURAL DIGITALIZATION: LESSONS FROM THE SPATIAL SPILLOVER EFFECTS OF CHINA'S DIGITAL ECONOMY	481
Zhang Zhe	
ЦИФРОВЫЕ МЕХАНИЗМЫ ОБОСНОВАНИЯ НАЧАЛЬНОЙ ЦЕНЫ В ГОСУДАРСТВЕННЫХ ЗАКУПКАХ: ПРОЗРАЧНОСТЬ, КОНКУРЕНЦИЯ И РАЦИОНАЛЬНОЕ ИСПОЛЬЗОВАНИЕ СРЕДСТВ	487
Тўхтасинов Бобомурод Исақжон ўғли	
IMPROVING ORGANIZATIONAL AND ECONOMIC MECHANISMS FOR ENHANCING SERVICE INFRASTRUCTURE EFFICIENCY: EVIDENCE FROM KASHKADARYA REGION	493
Azimov Islom	
ASSESSING DIGITAL GOVERNANCE EFFECTIVENESS IN HIGHER EDUCATION INSTITUTIONS: EVIDENCE FROM UZBEKISTAN	498
Berdiyev Temurbek Makhmudullo ugli	
РАЗРАБОТКА ИНТЕГРАЛЬНОГО ИНДЕКСА КОРПОРАТИВНОГО УПРАВЛЕНИЯ (CGI) ДЛЯ БАНКОВ С ГОСУДАРСТВЕННЫМ УЧАСТИЕМ.....	506
Жумадуллаева Дурдона Шухрат кизи	
DIGITAL ECONOMY-BASED GOVERNANCE IN HIGHER EDUCATION: LEVERAGING AI AND DATA FOR IMPROVED INSTITUTIONAL PERFORMANCE	512
Olimjonov Abbosjon Olimjonovich	
THE IMPACT OF E-COMMERCE DEVELOPMENT ON NATIONAL ECONOMIC COMPETITIVENESS.....	517
Baymuradov Shokhrukh Makhmudovich	
FACTORS INFLUENCING TAX REVENUE EFFICIENCY IN UZBEKISTAN IN THE CONTEXT OF SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT	522
Jurayev Xusan Atamuratovich	
THE ESSENCE, TASKS, AND INTERNATIONAL APPROACHES OF INTERNAL AUDIT IN LEASING TRANSACTIONS.....	536
Sadritdinov Bakhodir Bakhtiyarovich	
DIGITAL TRANSFORMATION OF MANAGEMENT ACCOUNTING IN THE MINING SECTOR.....	543
Oybekova S.K.	
METHODOLOGY FOR REFLECTING GOODWILL, INTANGIBLE ASSETS, AND INVESTMENTS IN CONSOLIDATION.....	548
Maxmudova Nargiza Davlyat qizi	
FACTORS AFFECTING DAIRY PRODUCTION EFFICIENCY:	

CORRELATION AND REGRESSION ANALYSIS.....	554
Ergashev M.Y.	
Tairova Z.M.	
THE DMED INFORMATION SYSTEM AS A FOUNDATION FOR THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE NATIONAL E-HEALTH SYSTEM	561
Omonov Olim Murodullayevich	
THEORETICAL AND ECONOMIC FOUNDATIONS FOR ENHANCING THE COMPETITIVENESS OF AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS IN GLOBAL MARKETS	566
Safarova Muxabbat Radjabovna	
THEORETICAL AND ECONOMIC FOUNDATIONS OF INNOVATIVE TECHNOLOGIES IN THE SUPPLY SYSTEM OF NURSERY FARMS	573
Abdufarmonov Farrux Faxriddinovich	
APPLICATION OF DIGITAL TECHNOLOGIES IN THE TOURISM MARKET AND ASSESSMENT OF THE EFFICIENCY OF THE PLATFORM ECONOMY.....	580
Jumayev Bobomurod Nurmaxmat o'g'li	
ОСОБЕННОСТИ «ЖЕНСКОГО» ЧЕЛОВЕЧЕСКОГО КАПИТАЛА В ЭКОНОМИЧЕСКОЙ СИСТЕМЕ.....	586
Холбаева Сабина Рустамовна	
ВНЕДРЕНИЕ ПРИОРИТЕТНЫХ НАПРАВЛЕНИЙ ПОДДЕРЖКИ ИННОВАЦИОННОЙ ДЕЯТЕЛЬНОСТИ С УЧЁТОМ ЗАРУБЕЖНОГО ОПЫТА В МАЛОМ И СРЕДНЕМ БИЗНЕСЕ УЗБЕКИСТАНА.....	595
Камбарова Шахнозахон Мирвахитовна	
ISSUES OF EFFECTIVELY UTILIZING REGIONAL EXPORT POTENTIAL IN UZBEKISTAN	603
Umaraliyev Sarvar Rustamovich	
TERRITORIAL DISPROPORTIONS IN TOURISM INFRASTRUCTURE OF THE JIZZAKH REGION AND THEIR IMPACT ON TOURIST FLOWS.....	610
A.Sh. Daliev	
T.Sh. Muxiddinov	
METHODOLOGICAL APPROACHES TO HOUSING CONSTRUCTION DEVELOPMENT IN UZBEKISTAN: INVESTMENT EFFICIENCY AND PUBLIC-PRIVATE PARTNERSHIP MECHANISMS.....	616
Mirumar Abdulla Ugli Usmonov	
IMPROVEMENT OF COST ACCOUNTING AND ECONOMIC ANALYSIS IN THE FISHERY INDUSTRY: PRIORITY DIRECTIONS FOR THE ADAPTATION OF IFRS, ECONOMETRIC MODELING, AND ESG REPORTING FOR FISHERY CLUSTERS IN UZBEKISTAN.....	620
Shodiev Aslam Rakhmatilloevich	
Alikulov Abdumumin Ismatovich	
WAYS TO DEVELOP FRUIT PROCESSING ENTERPRISES BASED ON THE CLUSTER SYSTEM	627
Yusufova Laylo G'ayrat qizi	
ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE IN MODERN BANKING SERVICE DEVELOPMENT	635
Mamutova Aygul Kalmurzaevna	
IMPLEMENTATION OF COMPUTER-ASSISTED AUDIT TECHNIQUES (CAATS) AND ANALYTICAL PROCEDURES IN THE AUDIT OF COMMERCIAL BANKS' FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.....	642
Ibragimov Nodirbek Baxodir ugli	
CRITERIA FOR ASSESSING THE QUALITY OF THE AUDIT OF COMMERCIAL BANKS' FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND THE FORMATION OF KEY AUDIT MATTERS (ISA 701)	649
Ibragimov Nodirbek Baxodir ugli	
THE ROLE OF EDUCATION AND CAPACITYBUILDING IN DEVELOPING THE ISLAMIC FINANCE INDUSTRY: A THEORETICAL AND COMPARATIVE ANALYSIS	656
Abdullayev Azamat Akbar o'g'li	

FOREIGN EXPERIENCE IN SERICULTURE DEVELOPMENT: ORGANIZATIONAL AND ECONOMIC MECHANISMS APPLICABLE TO UZBEKISTAN.....	664
Janikulova Lobar Shakarbaevna	
SUSTAINABLE COMPETITIVE ADVANTAGE THROUGH ESG AND ENERGY MANAGEMENT: A GREEN MARKETING PERSPECTIVE	670
Khaydarova Kamola Axinjanovna	
SYSTEM AND STRATEGY FOR HUMAN CAPITAL DEVELOPMENT IN AN ORGANIZATION	675
Azimov Tolmas Nematullayevich	
MECHANISMS FOR ENHANCING THE EXPORT POTENTIAL OF SMALL BUSINESSES: EVIDENCE FROM UZBEKISTAN	682
Abdusalim Shavkatov	
STRUCTURE AND DYNAMICS OF BANK LOANS	689
Jorayeva Zarifa	
THE IMPORTANCE OF USING MODERN APPROACHES IN THE MANAGEMENT OF BUSINESS PROCESSES OF TEXTILE ENTERPRISES.....	698
Djumaniyazova Mo‘tabarkhan Ravshanbekovna	
IMPROVING THE METHOD OF ASSESSING MARKETING ACTIVITY EFFICIENCY IN SEWING AND KNITTING ENTERPRISES	704
Muminov Dilmurod Tokhtasinovich	
MODERN INDICATORS FOR EVALUATING THE EFFECTIVENESS OF INTERNATIONAL GRANTS AND TARGETED PROGRAMS IN HIGHER EDUCATION INSTITUTIONS	713
Ulugbek Qudrat ugli Almardanov	
STAGES OF INDUSTRIAL ENTERPRISES' TRANSITION TO A GREEN ECONOMY UNDER MANAGEMENT TRANSFORMATION.....	717
Matluba Nematovna Abdullayeva	
Kamoliddin Fakhriddin ugli Nuriddinov	
THE ROLE OF INFLATION TARGETING AND INTEREST RATE POLICY IN MANAGING CAPITAL FLOWS: EVIDENCE FROM UZBEKISTAN AND EMERGING ECONOMIES.....	722
Mamadjanov Farrux	
IMPROVING THE USE OF DIGITAL TECHNOLOGIES IN CORPORATE ENTERPRISE MANAGEMENT.....	731
Kuchkarov Ulugbek Taxirovich	
ISSUES OF FORMING AND EFFECTIVELY UTILIZING INVESTMENT RESOURCES IN FUEL AND ENERGY ENTERPRISES.....	735
Shukurillaev Jahongir Botir o'g'li	
IMPROVING THE APPLICATION OF BIG DATA TECHNOLOGIES IN THE DIGITALIZATION OF COMMERCIAL BANKS.....	741
Turabova Shahnoza Taxirovna	
EVALUATING THE EFFECTIVENESS OF PROJECTS IMPLEMENTED BY CIVIL SOCIETY INSTITUTIONS USING PUBLIC FUNDS	746
Xusanova Gulsum Baxtiyorovna	
UNCONVENTIONAL MONETARY POLICY AND INFLATION TARGETING IN EMERGING ECONOMIES: LESSONS FOR UZBEKISTAN.....	755
Saidov Sardorbek	
IMPROVING SCIENTIFIC CONSULTING SERVICE PROCESSES IN HIGHER EDUCATION INSTITUTIONS THROUGH AN INTEGRATED DIGITAL PLATFORM.....	763
Nafisa Erkinovna Norboyeva	

ПОВЫШЕНИЕ ЭФФЕКТИВНОСТИ ИСПОЛЬЗОВАНИЯ АКТИВОВ НЕФТЕГАЗОВОЙ КОМПАНИИ НА ОСНОВЕ РАЗВИТИЯ АУТСОРСИНГОВЫХ УСЛУГ (НА ПРИМЕРЕ АО «УЗБЕКНЕФТЕГАЗ»)	770
Шодмонов Шокир Дустмуродович	
IMPROVING THE RECOGNITION AND MEASUREMENT OF EMPLOYEE COMPENSATION EXPENSES IN ACCORDANCE WITH INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS	780
Rakhimov Anvar Makhmarasulovich	
METHODS FOR INCREASING ECONOMIC EFFICIENCY IN ENTERPRISES IN THE CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRY	785
Asadova Maftuna Sa'dullayevna	
ISSUES OF THE FORMATION AND EFFECTIVE UTILIZATION OF INVESTMENT RESOURCES IN FUEL AND ENERGY ENTERPRISES	790
Shukurillaev Jahongir Botir o'g'li	
EVALUATING THE EFFECTIVENESS OF PROJECTS IMPLEMENTED BY CIVIL SOCIETY INSTITUTIONS USING PUBLIC FUNDS	796
Xusanova Gulsum Baxtiyorovna	
ЭКОНОМЕТРИЧЕСКОЕ МОДЕЛИРОВАНИЕ ВЛИЯНИЯ ИНСТРУМЕНТОВ ДЕНЕЖНО- КРЕДИТНОЙ ПОЛИТИКИ НА УРОВЕНЬ ИНФЛЯЦИИ В РЕСПУБЛИКЕ УЗБЕКИСТАН	806
Холмуродов Жавохир Бахтияр угли	
IMPORTANT STAGES IN THE PRODUCT LIFE CYCLE: TYPES OF CUSTOMER RELATIONSHIPS APPLICABLE TO UZBEKISTAN	813
Xasanova Setora Furqat qizi	
ASSESSMENT OF THE COST ACCOUNTING SYSTEM AT FOOD INDUSTRY ENTERPRISES	820
Khudoyberdiev Ulugbek Shukhratovich	

ASSESSMENT OF THE COST ACCOUNTING SYSTEM AT FOOD INDUSTRY ENTERPRISES

Khudoyberdiev Ulugbek Shukhratovich
Independent Researcher, Department of Financial Analysis,
Tashkent State University of Economics
E-mail: khudoyberdievu@bk.ru

Abstract. This article assesses the current state of the cost accounting system at food industry enterprises in Uzbekistan, using the example of four major enterprises located in the city of Termez, Surkhandarya Region. The study analyzes industry developments during the 2020–2024 period, including inflationary trends, energy tariff reforms, and fluctuations in raw material prices, based on official statistical data. The analysis demonstrates that the existing cost accounting system offers opportunities for further enhancement in providing analytical information to support effective management decision-making. The findings highlight the importance of aligning cost accounting practices with international standards and strengthening them through the integration of management accounting tools and modern costing approaches.

Keywords: cost accounting; food industry; production cost; management accounting; costing; energy tariffs; National Accounting Standards (NAS); International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS).

Аннотация. В данной статье проводится оценка современного состояния системы учета затрат на предприятиях пищевой промышленности Республики Узбекистан на примере четырех крупных предприятий, расположенных в городе Термез Сурхандарьинской области. На основе официальных статистических данных проанализированы тенденции развития отрасли за период 2020–2024 годов, включая инфляционные процессы, реформирование тарифов на энергоресурсы и колебания цен на сырье. Результаты исследования показывают, что действующая система учета затрат обладает потенциалом для дальнейшего совершенствования с целью обеспечения руководства более полной аналитической информацией, необходимой для принятия эффективных управленческих решений. Обоснована целесообразность дальнейшего развития системы учета затрат путем ее гармонизации с международными стандартами и интеграции современных инструментов управленческого учета и калькулирования себестоимости.

Ключевые слова: учет затрат; пищевая промышленность; производственная себестоимость; управленческий учет; калькулирование себестоимости; тарифы на энергоресурсы; Национальные стандарты бухгалтерского учета (НСБУ); Международные стандарты финансовой отчетности (МСФО).

INTRODUCTION

The food industry is one of the strategic sectors of Uzbekistan's national economy, consistently accounting for approximately 14 percent of the country's total industrial output [1]. Under these conditions, assessing the current state of the cost accounting system at food industry enterprises and evaluating its capacity to support effective management decision-making has become increasingly important. The accuracy of product cost determination, efficient resource allocation, and the long-term financial sustainability of an enterprise largely depend on the quality and effectiveness of its cost accounting system [2].

In recent years, the sector has been operating in a dynamic economic environment characterized by inflationary trends, energy tariff reforms, and fluctuations in raw material prices. In 2022, food prices increased by 15.6 percent, while in 2024 regulated energy tariffs were adjusted by an average of 26.7 percent [3]. At the same time, food exports nearly doubled during the 2020–2024 period, and international trading partners have placed greater emphasis on transparent financial reporting prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) [1]. Under these circumstances, a modern cost accounting system capable of providing timely, accurate, and analytical information for operational and strategic decision-making becomes increasingly valuable.

The aim of this article is to assess, on the basis of official statistical data, the current state of the cost accounting system at food industry enterprises operating in a region with hot climatic conditions and to substantiate practical directions for its further improvement. The empirical analysis is based on four representative enterprises located in the city of Termez: "Termiz Sut Zavodi" JSC (dairy processing enterprise),

“Termiz Go’sht Kombinati” JSC (meat processing enterprise), “Termiz Non Ishlab Chiqarish Korxonasi” (bread production enterprise), and “Termiz Parrandachilik Fabriyasi” JSC (poultry production enterprise).

LITERATURE REVIEW

Studies on the assessment of cost accounting systems at enterprises have primarily focused on evaluating their compliance with statutory requirements and their effectiveness in supporting management decision-making. C. Drury identifies the classification of costs by responsibility centers as one of the principal criteria for assessing the effectiveness of a cost accounting system [2]. Meanwhile, R. S. Kaplan and R. Cooper emphasize that the limitations of traditional costing systems, particularly in the allocation of indirect costs, may reduce the quality and usefulness of accounting information for managerial purposes [5].

In Uzbekistan, the assessment of cost accounting systems is based on the requirements established by Cabinet of Ministers Resolution No. 54, National Accounting Standard (NAS) No. 21, and the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS). These regulatory and professional frameworks provide the fundamental criteria for evaluating the current state and further development of cost accounting systems at enterprises [3].

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

The empirical basis of this study consists of the financial statements of four food industry enterprises located in Termez, together with official statistical data for the 2020–2024 period obtained from the National Statistics Committee of the Republic of Uzbekistan and the Central Bank of the Republic of Uzbekistan. Since the selected enterprises operate in different subsectors of the food industry—dairy processing, meat processing, bread production, and poultry production—the comparative analysis makes it possible to distinguish common features of cost accounting practices from those specific to individual industry segments.

The assessment was conducted using a comparative analytical approach based on four key parameters: (1) the cost classification system; (2) the costing method applied; (3) the chart of accounts and analytical accounting structure; and (4) the accounting policy and internal accounting procedures. In addition, a factor-based quantitative analysis was applied to evaluate separately the impact of raw material price inflation and energy tariff adjustments on product costs. The influence of each factor was determined by multiplying the rate of change in raw material prices by the share of raw material costs, and the rate of change in energy tariffs by the share of energy costs. The contribution of each factor to product cost was measured and expressed in percentage points.

ANALYSIS AND RESULTS

Uzbekistan’s food industry experienced substantial development during the 2020–2024 period. Following a moderate growth rate of approximately 0.5 percent in 2021, reflecting the economic impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, industry output accelerated to between 6.2 and 6.8 percent in 2023. In 2024, the growth rate moderated to 3.2 percent, reflecting the evolving economic environment, including adjustments to energy tariffs. Despite these changes, the sector maintained a positive growth trajectory.

One of the most significant indicators of the industry’s development is the increase in export volume, which rose from approximately USD 1.1 billion in 2020 to USD 2.17 billion in 2024, representing an increase of nearly 97 percent. This strong export performance demonstrates the growing international competitiveness of Uzbekistan’s food industry while also highlighting the increasing importance of transparent financial reporting prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) to meet the expectations of international trading partners and investors (Table 1).

Table 1
Dynamics of key indicators of Uzbekistan’s food industry (2020–2024)

Indicator	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Industrial output growth (PPI), %	n/a	~0.5	n/a	6.2–6.8	3.2
Annual general inflation (CPI), %	11.1	9.98	12.3	8.77	9.8
Annual food price growth, %	~14	13.0	15.6	9.7	2.4
Food exports, USD bn	~1.1	~1.4	~1.6	~1.78	2.17
Energy tariff growth, %	n/a	n/a	n/a	petrol +19.1	≈+26.7

Source: compiled on the basis of National Statistics Committee and Central Bank data.

The cost structure of the surveyed enterprises varies considerably across the selected organizations. At “Termiz Go’sht Kombinati” JSC, raw material costs account for the largest share of total production costs, ranging from 72 to 80 percent. In contrast, “Termiz Non Ishlab Chiqarish Korxonasi” records the highest share of energy-related costs, accounting for 14 to 18 percent of total production costs. These differences primarily reflect the specific characteristics of each enterprise, including its production specialization, technological processes, and the climatic conditions of the Termez region, where summer temperatures frequently reach +40 to +45°C (Table 2).

Table 2
Cost structure of the surveyed enterprises (2024, %)

Cost element	Dairy plant	Meat combine	Bread enterprise	Poultry factory
Material costs (raw materials)	65–72	72–80	58–65	62–70
Energy consumption	10–13	7–10	14–18	10–14
Labor costs	9–12	8–11	9–13	8–12
Logistics and transport	4–7	3–5	2–4	3–5
Other costs	3–5	2–4	3–6	3–5

Source: compiled by the author on the basis of the enterprises’ financial statements.

The assessment of the cost accounting systems based on the four selected parameters indicates that all four enterprises maintain cost accounting in accordance with the five economic elements established by Cabinet of Ministers Resolution No. 54. At the same time, management accounting practices, including the classification of costs into variable and fixed costs, responsibility center accounting, and the direct costing approach, present opportunities for further development and wider practical application.

The analysis also shows that Activity-Based Costing (ABC) has not yet been introduced at the surveyed enterprises. Furthermore, the incorporation of changes in energy tariffs and climate-related factors into the costing process may be further enhanced to ensure more timely and comprehensive cost information for management decision-making (Table 3).

Table 3
Comparative assessment of cost accounting at the surveyed enterprises

Parameter	Dairy plant	Meat combine	Bread enterprise	Poultry factory
Costing method	Process (stage)	Process (stage)	Simple (process)	Standard-mixed
Responsibility-center accounting	Partial	Partial	No	No
Timely reflection of energy tariffs	No	No	No	No
Climate coefficients	No	No	No	No
Separate accounting of logistics costs	No	No	No	No
Direct costing / ABC	No	No	No	No

Source: compiled on the basis of the author’s analysis.

The factorial-quantitative analysis clearly demonstrated the practical implications of the identified limitations in the existing cost accounting system. When food prices increased by 15.6 percent in 2022, the production cost of “Termiz Go’sht Kombinati” JSC, which has the highest share of raw material costs, rose by 11.2–12.5 percentage points due solely to the increase in raw material prices. In 2024, the situation changed: raw material prices declined by 2.4 percent, while regulated energy tariffs increased by 26.7 percent. As a result, the combined impact of these two factors increased the production cost of “Termiz Non Ishlab Chiqarish Korxonasi” by 5.1–6.4 percentage points. The analysis indicates that the current accounting system does not fully differentiate the individual effects of these cost drivers, thereby limiting the availability of detailed analytical information to support timely and well-informed management decisions.

CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The assessment conducted using the example of four food industry enterprises in Termez demonstrates that the existing cost accounting system is primarily designed to ensure compliance with statutory requirements, including Cabinet of Ministers Regulation No. 54 and National Accounting Standard No. 21. While this framework adequately supports financial reporting obligations, it does not fully provide the analytical information required for effective managerial decision-making. In particular, costs are not systematically allocated by responsibility centers, marginal cost analysis is not applied, and the effects of changes in energy tariffs and climatic conditions are not incorporated into the costing process in a timely manner.

The factorial analysis further confirmed the practical significance of these findings. In 2022, food price inflation increased production costs by 9.0–12.5 percentage points, while in 2024 the growth in regulated energy tariffs contributed an additional 5.0–6.4 percentage points to production costs at several enterprises. The current accounting framework does not sufficiently distinguish the separate structural effects of these factors, which limits the analytical value of cost information for management purposes. Furthermore, the nearly twofold increase in food exports has strengthened the need for transparent financial reporting aligned with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS). In this context, the existing accounting system, which is primarily based on the National Accounting Standards (NAS), would benefit from further development to better support international reporting requirements.

To enhance the effectiveness of the cost accounting system, the following recommendations are proposed.

First, it is recommended to expand the current cost classification by incorporating management accounting elements, including the distinction between variable and fixed costs and the allocation of costs by responsibility centers (such as workshops and departments). This approach would facilitate marginal analysis, improve cost control, and enable timely monitoring of the break-even point.

Second, logistics and transportation costs should be recorded separately within a dedicated risk-center accounting framework. Such an approach would improve the identification of cost-intensive stages within the logistics chain and provide a stronger analytical basis for optimizing transportation and distribution expenses.

Third, considering the hot climatic conditions of the region, it is recommended to introduce seasonal climate coefficients for energy consumption and natural production losses. Similar practices are successfully applied in several countries with comparable climatic conditions, including the southern regions of the United States and Brazil, and could improve the accuracy of production cost calculations.

Fourth, in view of the growing export orientation of Uzbekistan's food industry, it is advisable to gradually align cost accounting practices at large enterprises with IFRS while introducing selected management accounting techniques, including direct costing and Activity-Based Costing (ABC), for internal decision-making purposes. The integration of these approaches would improve cost transparency, strengthen managerial analysis, and enhance the competitiveness of food industry enterprises in both domestic and international markets.

REFERENCES

1. Republic of Uzbekistan. (1999). *Regulation on the Composition of Costs of Production and Sale of Products (Works, Services) and the Procedure for Forming Financial Results* (Resolution of the Cabinet of Ministers No. 54, February 5, 1999). <https://lex.uz>
2. Republic of Uzbekistan. (2016). *Law of the Republic of Uzbekistan No. O'RQ-404 "On Accounting"* (April 13, 2016). <https://lex.uz>
3. Republic of Uzbekistan. (2020). *Resolution of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan No. PQ-4611 "On Measures to Accelerate the Gradual Transition to International Financial Reporting Standards"* (February 24, 2020). <https://lex.uz>
4. Central Bank of the Republic of Uzbekistan. (2026). *Official statistical data*. Retrieved June 18, 2026, from <https://cbu.uz>
5. Drury, C. (2018). *Management and Cost Accounting* (10th ed.). Andover: Cengage Learning EMEA.
6. Kaplan, R. S., & Anderson, S. R. (2004). Time-driven activity-based costing. *Harvard Business Review*, 82(11), 131–138.
7. Kaplan, R. S., & Cooper, R. (1998). *Cost & Effect: Using Integrated Cost Systems to Drive Profitability and Performance*. Boston, MA: Harvard Business School Press.
8. National Statistics Committee of the Republic of Uzbekistan. (2026). *Official statistical data*. Retrieved June 18, 2026, from <https://stat.uz>

Proofreader: Xondamir Ismoilov
Layout and Designer: Hasan Maqsudov

2026. № 6

© When materials are reproduced, the ECONOSCITECH-INTEGRATION journal must be cited as the source. Authors are responsible for the accuracy of the information in materials and advertisements published in the journal. Editorial opinions may not always align with those of the authors. Submitted materials will not be returned to the editorial office.

To publish articles in this journal, you may submit articles, advertisements, stories, and other creative materials through the following links. Materials and advertisements are published on a paid basis.

You may subscribe to the journal at any time using the following details. Once subscribed, please send a screenshot or photo of your payment confirmation to our Telegram page @iqtisodiyot_77. Based on this, we will send the latest issue of the journal to your address each month.

Our address: Tashkent city, Yunusobod district, 19th block, House 17.

